Financial Statements **September 30, 2024** 



# Independent auditor's report

To the Members of College of Registered Nurses of Alberta

### Our opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of College of Registered Nurses of Alberta (the Entity) as at September 30, 2024 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### What we have audited

The Entity's financial statements comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at September 30, 2024;
- the statement of operations for the year then ended;
- · the statement of changes in net assets for the year then ended;
- · the statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

# Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
  a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP

**Chartered Professional Accountants** 

Edmonton, Alberta December 13, 2024

Statement of Financial Position

As at September 30, 2024

			2024 \$	2023 \$
Assets				
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents (note 3)			49,114,119	40,244,155
Investments (note 4) Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses			205,045 200,239	76,487 195,901 381,389
			49,519,403	40,897,932
Investments (note 4)			9,106,380	7,714,735
Capital assets (note 5)			9,495,714	9,843,616
Intangible assets (note 6)			3,190,958	1,763,422
Employee future benefits (note 7)			10,927,000	7,511,800
			82,239,455	67,731,505
Liabilities				
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (I Accrued vacation payable Deferred registration fee revenue Deferred grants Debt obligations (note 10)	note 8)		1,689,307 1,036,505 23,052,571 - 2,541,813	1,604,949 1,225,753 21,298,219 123,638 72,578
Debt obligations (note 10)			28,320,196	24,325,137
Long-term liabilities Debt obligations (note 10) Deferred contributions relating to capital a	ssets (note 9)		3,316,449	2,542,728 3,291,338 30,159,203
Net Assets				
Invested in capital and intangible as	ssets		9,550,457	8,098,623
Internally restricted fund (note 11)			1,900,443	1,505,656
Unrestricted fund			39,151,910	27,968,023
			50,602,810	37,572,302
			82,239,455	67,731,505
Approved by the Council				
Scott Garner 6E132A044EB04DC	_ Member	DocuSigned by: F0BB4273EC52424		Member

**Statement of Operations** 

For the year ended September 30, 2024

	2024 \$	2023 \$ (Reclassified – note 13)
Revenue Registration fees CNA affiliate fee CNPS fees Application and other fees Investment income (note 4) Amortization of deferred capital contributions (note 9) Sundry Grants	23,905,278 - 3,006,347 3,227,492 534,319 58,398	20,560,186 (588,365) (21,140) 2,786,740 1,603,972 606,060 64,637 76,362
	30,731,834	25,088,452
Expenses (schedule) Strategy and operations Chief executive office and professional conduct Finance, people, planning and risk Governance, regulation and standards Chief operating office Amortization (notes 5 and 6) Enterprise projects and extraordinary items Governance council and committees Contribution to ARNET	8,957,082 3,782,271 2,763,609 2,290,742 1,159,230 1,114,474 668,328 323,490	7,885,003 4,524,158 2,614,857 2,593,068 644,332 814,705 482,137 463,942 368,489
	21,059,226	20,390,691
Excess of revenue over expenses for the year	9,672,608	4,697,761

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the year ended September 30, 2024

				2024	2023
	Invested in capital and intangible assets \$	Internally restricted fund \$ (note 11)	Unrestricted \$	Total \$	Total \$
Net assets – Beginning of year	8,098,623	1,505,656	27,968,023	37,572,302	32,739,841
Excess of revenue over expenses for the year Internal restriction (note 11) Investment in capital and intangible assets	- -	2,500,000	9,672,608 (2,500,000)	9,672,608	4,697,761 -
Purchase of capital and intangible assets Amortization (notes 5 and 6) Amortization of deferred capital	1,958,497 (1,114,474)	(2,105,213)	146,716 1,114,474	-	
contributions (note 9) Repayment of debt obligations	534,319 73,492	-	(534,319) (73,492)	-	
Remeasurements and other items of employee future benefits (note 7)			3,357,900	3,357,900	134,700
Net assets – End of year	9,550,457	1,900,443	39,151,910	50,602,810	37,572,302

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended September 30, 2024

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Cash provided by (used in)		
Operating activities Registration fees Investment income Other income Cash paid to suppliers and employees Interest paid on debt obligations	28,122,514 2,098,077 469,079 (19,821,580) (157,809)	25,259,903 1,487,597 870,697 (17,518,476) (144,444)
	10,710,281	9,955,277
Investing activities Proceeds on sale of investments Purchase of investments Purchase of intangible assets Purchase of capital assets	2,807,163 (3,056,095) (1,988,428) (88,895)	2,918,509 (3,169,511) (1,394,344) (146,716) (1,792,062)
Financing activities Externally restricted contributions for purchase of capital assets (note 9) Repayments of debt obligations	559,430 (73,492) 485,938	490,098 (74,922) 415,176
Increase in cash and cash equivalents during the year	8,869,964	8,578,391
Cash and cash equivalents – Beginning of year	40,244,155	31,665,764
Cash and cash equivalents – End of year (note 3)	49,114,119	40,244,155

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements **September 30, 2024** 

#### 1 Purpose of organization

College of Registered Nurses of Alberta (CRNA) is responsible for protecting the public through safe, competent and ethical nursing practices. On August 19, 2020, CRNA's Governing Council (the Council) voted unanimously to move to a single mandate regulatory organization with a commitment to develop and grow a new association. CRNA, incorporated under the Health Professions Act (RSA 2000), is a not-for-profit organization within the meaning of the Income Tax Act (Canada) and is exempt from income taxes.

On January 29, 2023, an amendment was made to the Health Professions Act reflecting Bill 46, which mandated the separation of the regulatory colleges and professional associations. The legal name of the College was changed from College and Association of Registered Nurses of Alberta to College of Registered Nurses of Alberta.

#### 2 Summary of significant accounting policies

#### **Basis of presentation**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO). Significant accounting policies observed in the preparation of the financial statements are summarized below.

#### **Measurement uncertainty**

The precise determination of certain assets and liabilities is dependent on future events, and the preparation of financial statements for a year necessarily involves identification of assets and liabilities that are subject to estimates and approximations. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates include providing for amortization of capital assets and intangible assets and assumptions associated with employee future benefits.

#### Investments

CRNA's investments consist of fixed income and equity based instruments held primarily for trading purposes. The investment portfolios, managed by a third party investment manager, are subject to an investment policy set by management and reviewed by the Finance and Audit Committee. CRNA's primary investment objective is to maximize returns within a low to medium level of risk, with medium liquidity.

Investments are recorded at fair value on the latest closing bid price. This accounting treatment results in unrealized changes in the market value of the investment portfolio being reported as a component of fair value changes on the statement of operations. The current year includes an unrealized gain of \$1,124,258 (2023 – loss of \$112,762) resulting from net unrealized portfolio gains and losses that have occurred during the year.

The purchase and sale of investments are recognized on the settlement date.

Notes to Financial Statements **September 30, 2024** 

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise interest bearing deposits held with Canadian chartered banks and cash funds with maturities of three months or less from the date of inception.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization and any provision for impairment. The cost of capital assets made up of significant separable component parts is allocated to the component parts when practicable and when estimates can be made of the useful lives of the separate components.

Capital assets are tested for impairment when conditions indicate that a capital asset no longer contributes to CRNA's ability to provide goods and services, or that the value of future economic benefits or service potential associated with the capital asset is less than its net carrying amount. When conditions indicate that a capital asset is impaired, the net carrying amount of the capital asset is written down to the asset's fair value or replacement cost. The writedowns of capital assets are recognized as expenses in the statement of operations. Writedowns are not subsequently reversed.

Amortization is provided on a straight-line basis at the following annual rates:

Buildings  $3 \frac{1}{3}\%$  Building improvements 10% - 20% Furniture and equipment  $10\% - 33\frac{1}{3}\%$ 

Capital assets acquired during the year are not amortized until they are placed into use. The cost and accumulated amortization for fully amortized capital assets are removed from the movement schedule (note 5), though the assets remain in use.

#### Intangible assets

Expenditures on research are recognized as an expense as incurred.

Costs incurred on custom developed software applications, etc. are capitalized as an intangible asset when they are evaluated as being technically feasible, have an intention to complete the asset, an ability to use the asset to generate probable future economic benefit, have the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the asset's development and costs can be reliably measured. The expenditures capitalized include cost of materials, direct labour and overhead costs that are directly attributable to the asset in order for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Subsequent to initial recognition, development expenditures are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and any provisions for impairment.

Notes to Financial Statements **September 30, 2024** 

Amortization is provided on a straight-line basis for finite useful lived intangibles at the following annual rate:

Software & IT programming

20%

Intangible assets acquired or developed during the year are not amortized until they are placed into use. The cost and accumulated amortization for fully amortized intangible assets are removed from the movement schedule (note 6), though the assets remain in use.

#### **Employee future benefits**

CRNA has a defined benefit pension plan (the plan) for all permanent employees.

CRNA recognizes its defined benefit obligation as the employees render services giving them the right to earn the pension benefit. The defined benefit obligation at the statement of financial position date is determined using the most recent actuarial valuation report prepared for funding purposes. The measurement date of the plan assets and the defined benefit obligation is CRNA's statement of financial position date.

In its year-end statement of financial position, CRNA recognizes the defined benefit obligation, less the fair value of the plan assets, adjusted for any valuation allowance in the case of a net defined benefit asset. The plan cost for the year is recognized in the statement of operations.

Remeasurements and other items comprise the aggregate of the following: the difference between the actual return on plan assets and the return calculated using the discount rate; actuarial gains and losses; the effect of any valuation in the case of a net defined benefit asset; past service costs; and gains and losses arising from settlements and curtailments. The remeasurement costs are reflected in the statement of changes in net assets.

#### Deferred registration fee revenue

Deferred registration fees arise from timing differences between the collection of registration fees and the practice year. The registration revenue is collected in advance for the period from October through September.

#### **Deferred contributions**

Externally restricted contributions relating to capital assets are deferred and recognized as revenue on the same basis as the amortization expense related to the acquired capital assets. The cash is held as restricted cash until it is spent.

Externally restricted grants are deferred and recognized as revenue when the related expenses are incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements **September 30, 2024** 

#### Foreign exchange

A portion of CRNA's investments are denominated in foreign currencies and are translated into Canadian dollars at exchange rates in effect at the statement of financial position date. Income and losses earned on the investments are translated at average rates during the period and are included in investment income.

#### Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when received, receivable or in the year to which it relates, if amounts can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Where CRNA's role in the transaction is that of principal, revenue is recognized on a gross basis. This requires revenue to comprise the gross value of the transactions with any related expenditures charged to expenses.

Where CRNA's role in a transaction is that of an agent, revenue is recognized on a net basis with revenue representing the margin earned.

#### Registration fees

Fees are set by the Council of CRNA. The revenue generated on an annual basis is deferred and recognized proportionally over the fiscal year.

Canadian Nurses Protective Society (CNPS) and Canadian Nurses Association (CNA) fees were last collected by CRNA through the annual registration fee process in 2022. Remittances of these affiliate fees to CNPS and CNA were based on the number of registered nurses and registered nurse practitioners (including those with temporary permits) multiplied by the applicable CNPS and CNA fee category rates. The CNPS fiscal period was in alignment with CRNA whereas the CNA fiscal period was on a calendar year basis.

As of the annual registration fee process for 2023, CNPS and CNA fees are no longer collected by CRNA.

#### Application and other fees

Other fees comprise the following:

- a) Application and other fees: These fees are determined by the Chief Executive Officer of CRNA as delegated by the Council. The revenue generated is recognized in the fiscal year to which it relates.
- b) Temporary, courtesy and limited permits: These fees are set by the Council of CRNA. The revenue generated is recognized in the fiscal year to which it relates.

#### Investment income

Investment income includes dividends, interest income and realized and unrealized investment gains and losses. CRNA's investment income is not subject to any restrictions, either internally or externally.

Notes to Financial Statements

**September 30, 2024** 

#### Grants

Grants are recorded when there is a reasonable assurance CRNA has complied with and will continue to comply with all the necessary conditions to obtain the grants.

#### Sundry

Sundry revenue is recognized in the year in which the revenue is earned, specifically when the following conditions are met:

- services are provided or products are delivered to registrants;
- there is clear evidence that an arrangement exists;
- amounts are fixed or can be determined; and
- the ability to collect is reasonably assured.

#### 3 Cash and cash equivalents

	<b>2024</b> \$	2023 \$
Cash Canadian Money Market Funds Series O through Phillips, Hager & North Investment Management; the funds' one-year gross rate of return was 5.25% from October 1, 2023 to September 30,	3,262,770	4,610,322
2024 (2023 – 4.78%)	45,851,349	35,633,833
	49,114,119	40,244,155
4 Investments		
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Fixed income measured at fair value with maturities ranging between 2025 and 2046 with a weighted average time to maturity of 10.21 years and weighted average yield to maturity of 4.3% per		
annum	6,126,916	5,200,535
Common equities measured at fair value  Cash equivalents maturing in excess of three months	2,979,464 -	2,514,200 76,487
Less: Current portion	9,106,380	7,791,222 76,487
- -		

Investments include United States dollar denominated investments and equivalents of \$1,364,566 (2023 – \$1,055,028). These assets have been translated and presented in Canadian dollars at the year-end exchange rate.

Notes to Financial Statements

**September 30, 2024** 

Investment income and cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Interest Unrealized gain on investments Dividends Realized gain on investments	2,020,392 1,124,258 64,387 18,455	1,418,011 113,122 55,593 17,246
	3,227,492	1,603,972

### 5 Capital assets

			2024	2023
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization \$	Net \$	Net \$
Land Building and building	3,873,887	-	3,873,887	3,873,887
improvements Furniture and equipment	6,480,787 924,103	1,293,055 490,008	5,187,732 434,095	5,415,966 553,763
	11,278,777	1,783,063	9,495,714	9,843,616

In the current year, amortization was recognized in the statement of operations for a total expense of \$436,797 (2023 – \$508,537).

### 6 Intangible assets

			2024	2023
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization \$	Net \$	Net \$
Software & IT programming	4,315,427	1,124,469	3,190,958	1,763,422

As at September 30, 2024, \$653,421 associated with a software project was still in development and, as such, was not subject to amortization. In the current year, amortization was recognized in the statement of operations for a total expense of \$677,677 (2023 – \$306,168).

Notes to Financial Statements

**September 30, 2024** 

#### 7 Employee future benefits

CRNA has a defined benefit pension plan for all permanent employees. The benefits are based on years of service and the employees' final average earnings.

CRNA accrues its obligations under the employee defined benefit plan as the employees render the services necessary to earn the pension.

CRNA measures its accrued employee future benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets using the valuation for funding as at June 30 each year. The most recent actuarial valuation of the pension plan for funding purposes was as at June 30, 2024 and the next required valuation will be as at June 30, 2027.

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Fair value of plan assets Accrued benefit obligation Valuation allowance	58,377,200 (45,190,600) (2,259,600)	49,735,000 (42,223,200)
Plan surplus	10,927,000	7,511,800

The net accrued benefit asset is included in CRNA's statement of financial position.

As at September 30, 2024, a valuation allowance of \$2,259,600 was recorded representing the excess of plan surplus over the expected future benefit of the pension fund. This valuation allowance has been included in the remeasurement of employee future benefits included directly in unrestricted net assets.

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in measuring CRNA's employee future benefit determination are as follows:

	<b>2024</b> %	<b>2023</b> %
Discount rate	4.80	4.80
Salary increases	3.50	3.50
Inflation	2.00	2.00

Total cash payments for employee future benefits for 2024, consisting of cash contributed by CRNA to the registered pension plan, were \$1,357,873 (2023 – \$nil).

Employee future benefits as reported on the statement of financial position includes the following:

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Employee future benefits – Opening balance Net benefit plan expense Remeasurement of employee future benefits Gross employer contributions	7,511,800 (1,300,600) 3,357,900 1,357,900	8,707,400 (1,330,300) 134,700
Employee future benefits – Ending balance	10,927,000	7,511,800

Notes to Financial Statements **September 30, 2024** 

The net benefit plan expense amount above has been allocated through staff cost expenses within the schedule of expenses and the statement of operations.

#### 8 Government remittances

1

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are government remittances required to be paid to government authorities, which are recognized when the amounts come due. Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities was \$677,234 (2023 – \$574,034) of government remittances payable as at September 30, 2024.

#### 9 Deferred contributions relating to capital assets

Deferred contributions relating to capital assets represent externally restricted contributions collected from the registrants of CRNA for the purpose of capital acquisitions as approved by the Council. As at September 30, 2024, \$2,722,050 (2023 – \$2,251,514) of the funds had not been expended. The change in the deferred capital contribution balance is as follows:

2024

		\$	\$
	Balance – Beginning of year Contributions received Amounts amortized to revenue	3,291,338 559,430 (534,319)	3,407,300 490,098 (606,060)
	Balance – End of year	3,316,449	3,291,338
10	Debt obligations		
		2024 \$	2023 \$
	Debt obligation under fixed rate loan Less: Current portion	2,541,813 2,541,813	2,615,306 72,578
			2,542,728

The debt obligation is secured by a general security agreement constituting a first ranking security interest in all personal property of CRNA; a collateral mortgage in the amount borrowed including an assignment of rents, constituting a first fixed charge on the lands and improvements located at 11120 – 178 Street, Edmonton, Alberta (the 178 Street Property); and a certificate of insurance evidencing fire and other perils coverage on the 178 Street Property, showing the bank as first mortgage.

As at September 30, 2024, CRNA was in compliance with all of the covenants required under these debt obligations.

2023

Notes to Financial Statements **September 30, 2024** 

On January 3, 2023, CRNA renewed the fixed rate loan from Royal Bank of Canada for a two-year term at 6.13% per annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$19,725. The loan is being amortized over 25 years with its next renewal date on January 3, 2025. Interest expense incurred with respect to the fixed rate loan referenced above during the year was \$157,809 (2023 – \$144,444). This expense is categorized under finance, people, planning and risk in the statement of operations.

Principal repayments required under the fixed rate loan under the current obligation terms are as follows:

#### 11 Internally restricted fund

	2024		2023
	IM Program \$	gram Total \$ \$	Total \$
Balance – Beginning of year Internal restriction Current year costs incurred	1,505,656 2,500,000 (2,105,213)	1,505,656 2,500,000 (2,105,213)	2,900,000 (1,394,344)
Balance – End of year	1,900,443	1,900,443	1,505,656

During the year, the Council approved an internal restriction of \$2,500,000 to fund the capital requirements of CRNA's Information Management Program within the 2025 intangible asset plans.

#### 12 Financial instruments

CRNA's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, investments, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, accrued vacation payable and debt obligations. Cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable are classified as loans and receivables and are accounted for at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Loans and receivables are initially recorded at fair value. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities and debt obligations are classified as other liabilities and are accounted for at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Financial liabilities are initially recorded at fair value.

With the exception of investments that are recorded at fair value, the fair values of financial instruments approximate their carrying amounts due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

CRNA is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides a measure of the risks as at September 30, 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements **September 30, 2024** 

#### Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations, resulting in a financial loss. CRNA's investment in bonds and interest accrued thereon is primarily with federal and provincial governments with a portion allocated to investment-grade corporate bonds concentrated in Canada. Accounts receivable are of a short-term nature and no individual account receivable is significant to CRNA's financial position.

A portion of the assets held in the pension plan is exposed to credit risk, similar to the risks on CRNA's bond portfolio. In the event of loss in the pension plan, CRNA would be obligated to fund any deficiency that may arise. The investment fund invests in a mix of government and investment-grade corporate bonds.

Cash and cash equivalents and term deposits are maintained with a Schedule I financial institution. There has been no change to credit risk from the prior year.

#### Market and other price risk

CRNA's equity interests are primarily focused on the Canadian public market and are subject to fluctuations due to changes in market prices of individual securities, general market and industry trends, changes in interest rates, creditworthiness and foreign exchange rates. CRNA is also exposed to interest rate risk through its holdings of bonds and variable rate debt obligations. Market and other price risk is directly influenced by the volatility and liquidity in the markets in which the related underlying assets are traded. All investments are of large market entities regularly traded on the exchanges. A sensitivity analysis indicates that a +1% (-1%) change in the investments' market rates would impact CRNA's unrealized gains or losses by \$92,000.

A portion of the assets held in the pension plan is exposed to market and other price risk, similar to the risks on CRNA's investment portfolio. In the event of loss in the pension plan, CRNA would be obligated to fund any deficiency that may arise. The investment fund invests in a mix of large market entities or funds regularly traded on the exchanges.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with financial liabilities. Management monitors cash flow to ensure it is able to pay debt obligations and liabilities as they come due. Refer to note 10 for further details on aggregate minimum payments. The investments may create liquidity risk if CRNA is required to sell at a time when the market for the investments is unfavourable.

These risks have been updated to reflect the impact of debt obligations drawn during the year.

#### **Currency risk**

Currency risk is the risk to CRNA's earnings that arises from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and the degree of volatility of those exchange rates. CRNA holds US dollar denominated securities in its investment portfolio. CRNA does not use derivative instruments to reduce its exposure associated with foreign currency risk.

Notes to Financial Statements **September 30, 2024** 

### 13 Comparative figures

Certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation, which includes the reorganization of various departments and portfolios to align with the organizational structure of CRNA.

These reclassifications have no effect on the reported results of operations.

Schedule of Expenses

For the year ended September 30, 2024

	2024 \$	<b>2023</b> \$ (Reclassified –
		note 13)
Strategy and operations Digital strategy		,
Staff costs Licensing and software Other costs Contracted services and consulting	2,078,681 1,580,599 243,602 99,098	1,500,178 1,364,673 154,600 20,247
Registration & case management Staff costs Other costs Legal fees Grant-related costs	1,778,829 112,468 40,330	2,308,554 39,919 26,939 76,362
Facilities operations Building cost Staff costs Other costs Telecommunication Contracted services and consulting	934,397 359,831 225,990 197,481 8,129	704,262 329,445 189,382 215,827 2,578
Strategy execution Staff costs Other costs Service delivery	804,135 5,192	806,695 145,342
Staff costs Other costs	487,435 885	- 
	8,957,082	7,885,003
Chief executive office and professional conduct Professional conduct		
Staff costs Legal fees Other costs Professional fees Contracted services and consulting	2,148,240 236,113 43,408 14,453 11,843	2,736,611 280,974 62,585 7,852 19,774
Executive office Staff costs Other costs Contracted services and consulting Legal fees	977,072 198,134 124,960 28,048	1,204,826 143,221 46,005 22,310
	3,782,271	4,524,158

Schedule of Expenses ...continued

For the year ended September 30, 2024

	2024	2023
	Ą	(Reclassified – note 13)
Finance, people, planning and risk Finance & business support		
Bank, service fees and financing costs Staff costs Professional fees Insurance Contracted services and consulting Other costs	944,172 508,891 88,150 74,104 36,056 18,894	835,875 742,311 94,984 74,717 - 22,893
People & culture Staff costs Professional fees Other costs	625,903 84,493 15,092	537,639 - 20,841
Planning, risk & procurement Staff costs Other costs	367,765 89	282,458 3,139
	2,763,609	2,614,857
Governance, regulation and standards Regulation & standards		
Staff costs Contracted services and consulting Other costs	1,905,364 39,802 35,023	2,501,755 41,176 50,137
Regulatory initiatives & IDEA Staff costs Other costs Council support	163,002 4,896	- -
Staff costs Legal fees Other costs	137,467 5,008 180	- - -
	2,290,742	2,593,068
Chief operating office Chief operating office		
Staff costs Contracted services and consulting Other costs	1,035,988 88,855 34,387	561,935 69,899 12,498
	1,159,230	644,332

Schedule of Expenses ...continued

For the year ended September 30, 2024

	2024 \$	2023 \$ (Reclassified – note 13)
Enterprise projects and extraordinary items		
Enterprise projects Contracted services and consulting Staff costs Licensing and software costs Other costs	572,358 73,564 18,566 3,840	482,137 - - -
	668,328	482,137
Governance council and committees Governance council		
Other costs Professional fees Legal fees	225,013 - -	180,025 112,240 18,517
Governance committees Contracted services and consulting Other costs Legal fees	98,297 180 -	145,727 - 7,433
	323,490	463,942